THRIFT SAVINGS PLAN
REQUEST FOR A TRANSFER INTO THE TSP

Use this form to request a transfer or to complete a rollover of tax-deferred money from an eligible retirement plan into the traditional (non-Roth) balance of your Thrift Savings Plan (TSP) account. Funds received by the TSP will not be invested until a properly completed Form TSP-60 has been received.

### I. INFORMATION ABOUT YOU — This request applies to my:  
☐ Civilian Account  OR  ☐ Uniformed Services Account

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<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Last Name</td>
<td>First Name</td>
<td>Middle Name</td>
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<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>TSP Account Number</td>
<td>Date of Birth (mm/dd/yyyy)</td>
<td>Daytime Phone (Area Code and Number)</td>
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<td>3.</td>
<td>Foreign address? Check here.</td>
<td>Street Address or Box Number</td>
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<td>4.</td>
<td>City</td>
<td>State</td>
<td>Zip Code</td>
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**Certification** — I certify to the best of my knowledge that the distribution I am transferring or rolling over into the TSP meets the requirements for a distribution from an IRA or an eligible employer plan (whichever is applicable) as described in the General Information section of this form. I further certify that I have read this form (and instructions) in its entirety and that the information I have provided is true and complete to the best of my knowledge. **Warning:** Any intentional false statement in this request or willful misrepresentation concerning it is a violation of law that is punishable by a fine or imprisonment for as long as 5 years, or both (18 U.S.C. § 1001).

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<td>10.</td>
<td>Participant’s Signature</td>
<td>Date Signed (mm/dd/yyyy)</td>
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### II. INFORMATION FROM IRA OR PLAN — This section must be completed by the trustee (or custodian) of the IRA or by the administrator of the eligible employer plan from which the distribution is being (or was) made. Be sure to read the instructions for certification requirements for rollovers. Also, if this distribution is from a SIMPLE IRA, you must provide written documentation showing the period of participation.

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| 12. | This is a:  
☐ Transfer (Direct Rollover)  
☐ Rollover (For definitions, see the General Information section of this form.) |
| 13. | This distribution is from a(n):  
☐ Traditional IRA  
☐ SIMPLE IRA  
☐ Eligible Employer Plan |
| 14. | Gross amount of tax-deferred distribution: $ |
| 15. | Date of Distribution (mm/dd/yyyy) |

**Certification** — I certify that the funds are being (or have been) distributed from an eligible retirement plan as defined in IRC § 402(c)(8)(B) and as described in the General Information section of this form.

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<td>16.</td>
<td>Typed or Printed Name of Financial Institution Representative or Plan Administrator</td>
<td>Daytime Phone (Direct Number)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17.</td>
<td>Signature of Financial Institution Representative or Plan Administrator</td>
<td>Date Signed (mm/dd/yyyy)</td>
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<tr>
<td>18.</td>
<td>Name of Financial Institution</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19.</td>
<td>Street Address or Box Number</td>
<td>Street Address Line 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20.</td>
<td>City</td>
<td>State</td>
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FORM TSP-60 (10/2012)  
PREVIOUS EDITIONS OBSOLETE
FORM TSP-60 INSTRUCTIONS

Use this form to request a transfer or to complete a rollover of tax-deferred money from an eligible retirement plan into the traditional (non-Roth) balance of your Thrift Savings Plan (TSP) account. You must have an open TSP account with a balance when your request is received by the TSP. Note: Money cannot be transferred or rolled over into a beneficiary participant account.

The TSP is a retirement savings and investment plan for Federal employees and members of the uniformed services. Congress established the TSP in the Federal Employees’ Retirement System Act of 1986. The TSP is to be treated as a trust described in 26 U.S.C. § 401(a), which is exempt from taxation under 26 U.S.C. § 501(a). TSP regulations are published in title 5 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Parts 1600 – 1690, and are periodically supplemented and amended in the Federal Register.

You must complete Section I of this form, then provide the entire package to your IRA trustee or plan administrator to complete Section II. If necessary, have your IRA trustee or plan administrator return the form to you. In order for your request to be processed, it must include a completed Form TSP-60 and a check made payable to the Thrift Savings Plan with your name and TSP account number (or Social Security number) on the check. If we cannot identify the account to which the funds should be deposited, we will return the check to the sender.

Note: If you intend to make a full withdrawal, please wait until you receive confirmation that your transfer or rollover has been completed before requesting the withdrawal.

SECTION I. Complete Items 1 – 9. Check whether this request applies to your civilian or uniformed services account. Check only one box. You cannot transfer or roll over money into multiple accounts using one form. If you have more than one TSP account, and you do not check a box, your form will not be processed. If you are currently a Federal employee or a member of the uniformed services and the address you provide on this form is different from the address in your TSP record, have your agency or service submit an address change for you. If you are separated from Federal service or the uniformed services, you can update your address on the TSP website (www.tsp.gov), or submit Form TSP-9, Change in Address for Separated Participant, to the TSP.

The address on this form cannot be used to update your TSP record.

If you have a foreign address, check the box in Item 5 and enter the foreign address as follows in Items 6 – 9:

First address line: Enter the street address or post office box number, and any apartment number.

Second address line: Enter the city or town name, other principal subdivision [e.g., province, state, county], and postal code, if known. [The postal code may precede the city or town.]

City/State/Zip Code fields: Enter the entire country name in the City field; leave the State and Zip Code fields blank.

Read the General Information section of this form, and sign and date Items 10 and 11 if the information is correct. If you cannot certify that your transfer or rollover meets all of the requirements described, you cannot transfer or roll over your distribution into the TSP.

If you have questions, call the ThriftLine toll free at 1-877-968-3778 or the TDD at 1-877-847-4385. Outside the U.S. and Canada, please call 404-233-4400 [not toll free].

Either mail the check and form to:
TSP Rollover and Transfer Processing Unit
P.O. Box 385200
Birmingham, AL 35238-5200

Or fax to: 1-866-458-1452
205-639-4501 (outside the U.S. and Canada)

If you fax this form, please send your check immediately to the TSP.

SECTION II. The instructions for Section II are intended for the IRA or plan representative.

If you are unwilling to complete this section, submit an IRS Letter of Determination or a letter on the organization’s letterhead confirming that the funds are being transferred (or rolled over) from a qualified plan. Otherwise, we cannot deposit the funds into the participant’s account.

If the distribution is being transferred directly to the TSP, you must mail the completed Form TSP-60 and a check for the amount being transferred to the address shown above. The check should be made payable to the Thrift Savings Plan and contain the participant’s name and TSP account number (or Social Security number). If this information cannot be provided on the check, a document must be enclosed that provides this information.

If the distribution is being rolled over, you must submit a letter (on the organization’s letterhead) or a distribution statement that shows the date and the gross amount of the tax-deferred distribution. Return the completed Form TSP-60 and the letter or statement to the participant as soon as possible so that he or she can make the rollover within the allowed 60-calendar-day period.

Item 12. Check the “Transfer (Direct Rollover)” box if the funds are being transferred directly to the TSP. Check the “Rollover” box if the distribution has been paid to the participant, and he or she is sending a check in the amount of the distribution to the TSP.

Item 13. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether the distribution is from a traditional IRA, SIMPLE IRA, or eligible employer plan. Complete this information whether the distribution is being transferred or rolled over. Note: If this distribution is from a SIMPLE IRA, you must provide written documentation showing the period of participation.

Item 14. Indicate the total gross amount of the tax-deferred distribution that is being (or was) made from the IRA or plan.

Item 15. If this request is for a rollover, provide the date that the distribution was made to the participant.

Items 16 – 24. Read the General Information section of this form, then complete the requested information.
FORM TSP-60 GENERAL INFORMATION

Form TSP-60 should accompany your transfer or rollover check to avoid complications. Sending the form and check separately could delay the processing of the transaction. A separate form is required for each check that you, your IRA trustee, or your plan administrator sends to the TSP.

If the TSP does not receive a Form TSP-60, but receives a check without a participant’s identification [name and TSP account number or Social Security number], the original check will be returned to the sender—that is, to the financial institution if the check was a direct transfer, or to the participant if the check was a rollover.

If the TSP receives a check with appropriate identification, but without Form TSP-60, the original check will be held for up to 15 days (without earnings) pending receipt of the completed form [and supporting documentation, if necessary]. After that time, if the form (and any other necessary documentation) is not received, the check will be returned to the sender.

Be sure to read all of the General Information and Instructions before you complete this form.

What tax-deferred distributions will the TSP accept?

The TSP will accept both transfers and rollovers of tax-deferred money from any eligible retirement plan as defined in Internal Revenue Code (IRC) § 402(c)(8)(B). An eligible retirement plan includes a traditional individual retirement account [IRA], a SIMPLE IRA to which the participant has contributed for at least 2 years, and an eligible employer plan. To be accepted by the TSP, distributions must meet different requirements depending on whether they are from an IRA or an eligible employer plan.

Before submitting this form, a TSP participant who would like to transfer or roll over money into the TSP should check with a representative of his or her IRA or plan to determine what portion of a distribution (if any) meets the applicable requirements, as described below.

Note: Participants are required to certify in Section I of this form that the distribution they are seeking to transfer or roll over into the TSP meets the applicable requirements. If a participant cannot sign the certification, the TSP cannot accept the transfer or rollover.

Traditional IRA. This is an individual retirement account described in IRC § 408(a) or an individual retirement annuity described in IRC § 408(b). The traditional IRA category does not include a Roth IRA, an inherited IRA, or a Coverdell Educational Savings Account (formerly known as an education IRA); distributions from these types of IRAs will not be accepted by the TSP.

The TSP will accept all or a portion of a distribution from a traditional IRA except a distribution that:

• is a minimum distribution required by IRC § 401(a)(9); or
• consists of after-tax balances (i.e., money that has already been subjected to Federal income tax).

SIMPLE IRA. This is a Savings Incentive Match Plan for Employers, an employer-sponsored retirement plan available to small businesses. A TSP participant can transfer an amount from a SIMPLE IRA to the TSP, as long as he or she participated in the SIMPLE IRA for at least 2 years. Note: The TSP must receive written documentation showing the period of participation in a SIMPLE IRA.

Eligible Employer Plan. This is a plan qualified under IRC § 401(a) [including a § 401(k) plan, profit-sharing plan, defined benefit plan, stock bonus plan, and money purchase plan]; an IRC § 403(a) annuity plan; an IRC § 403(b) tax-sheltered annuity; or an IRC § 457(b) plan maintained by a governmental employer.

To be accepted into the TSP, the distribution from an eligible employer plan must be an “eligible rollover distribution.”

An eligible rollover distribution is a distribution to a participant of all or a portion of his or her account. However, it cannot be:

• one of a series of substantially equal periodic payments made over the life expectancy of the employee (or the joint lives of the employee and designated beneficiary, if applicable), or for a period of 10 years or more;
• a minimum distribution required by IRC § 401(a)(9);
• a hardship distribution;
• a plan loan that is deemed to be a taxable distribution because of default; or
• a return of excess elective deferrals.

Examples of eligible rollover distributions include: a lump sum distribution after terminating employment; an age-based in-service withdrawal; a final single payment after a series of monthly payments; monthly payments lasting less than 10 years; death benefit payments; or payments made to a spouse or former spouse pursuant to a qualified domestic relations order (QDRO). For Federal civilian employees, an eligible rollover distribution may also include some retirement benefits administered by the Office of Personnel Management [for example, a taxable portion of the Alternative Form of Annuity (AFA) or interest on lump sum retirement credits].

All of the money transferred into the TSP must be money that would have been included in the participant’s gross income for the tax year in which the transfer was made, had the money been distributed without being transferred or rolled over.

What is the difference between a “transfer” and a “rollover”?

A transfer [also known as a “direct rollover”] occurs when the participant instructs the distributing plan to send all or part of his or her eligible rollover distribution directly to the TSP instead of issuing it to the participant.

A rollover occurs when the distributing plan makes a payment to the participant (after withholding the applicable Federal income tax) and the participant deposits all or any part of the gross amount of the payment into the TSP within 60 days of receiving it.

PREVIOUS EDITIONS OBSOLETE
How much tax-deferred money can a participant transfer or roll over into the TSP?

There is no limit to the number of transfers or rollovers of tax-deferred money that a participant can make. A participant can transfer or roll over all or any part of a tax-deferred distribution that meets the applicable requirements described on the previous page, and that does not include after-tax or tax-exempt balances. If the distribution is made to the participant, an IRA may withhold taxes; an eligible employer plan must withhold taxes before making the distribution. The participant can roll over the entire amount of the distribution, including any amount that was withheld for taxes, by making up with personal funds the amount that was withheld. If, at a later date, it is determined that the funds were not eligible for transfer or rollover, the funds will be removed from the account and returned to the sender.

Note: Any portion of the distribution that the participant chooses not to transfer or roll over will be taxed as ordinary income. In addition, if the participant is younger than 59½ at the time of distribution, he or she may have to pay a 10% early withdrawal penalty tax on the amount that was not transferred or rolled over.

How does the IRC annual elective deferral limit affect transfers and rollovers?

Money that is transferred or rolled over into the TSP is not applied to the annual elective deferral limit that is imposed on regular employee contributions.

How does a transfer or rollover affect monthly payments?

If a TSP participant is receiving monthly payments at the time of a transfer or a rollover, the TSP will recalculate the amount or the duration of the monthly payments beginning with the first payment the participant receives in the year following the transfer or rollover. If a participant is receiving payments:

- Of a specific dollar amount, the recalculation will occur only if the participant transferred $1,000 or more, and only the duration of the payments will be affected. However, if the new duration of the payments is 10 years or more, the payments will no longer be eligible for transfer or rollover, and the tax withholding on the payments may change.
- Based on life expectancy, the recalculation should increase the amount of each payment.

For more information, see the TSP tax notice “Tax Information for TSP Participants Receiving Monthly Payments.”

What happens to the money once it reaches the TSP?

Money that is transferred or rolled over into the TSP is allocated to the TSP investment funds according to the participant’s most current contribution allocation on file. Once the money is deposited into the participant’s TSP account, it is treated like employee contributions and will be subject to the same plan rules as all other employee contributions in the account. These rules may be different from the rules of the IRA or plan from which the money was distributed.

When you send us a rollover check, it will be converted into an electronic funds transfer (EFT). We will make an electronic image of your check and use the account information on it to debit your bank account electronically for the amount of the check. Although the debit will be reflected on your bank statement, you will not receive the cancelled check because the original will be destroyed after we image it. If for some technical reason the data from the EFT cannot be processed, we will transmit our imaged copy of your check to your bank.

Note: Because the conditions under which the TSP will accept transfers and rollovers are strict, and there may be tax consequences, we recommend that you consult your tax advisor before you move money into the TSP.

What Roth distributions will the TSP accept?

The TSP will only accept transfers of qualified and nonqualified Roth distributions from any applicable retirement plan, as defined in IRC § 402(e)(1), under which an employee may elect to make Roth contributions. An applicable retirement plan includes a plan qualified under IRC § 401(a) (e.g., a 401(k) plan); an IRC § 403(b) tax-sheltered annuity; or an IRC § 457(b) plan maintained by a governmental employer. It does not include a Roth IRA.

The TSP will not accept rollovers of qualified or nonqualified Roth distributions that have already been paid to you.

If you would like to transfer Roth money into the Roth balance of your TSP account, do not complete this form; instead, complete Form TSP-60-R, Request for a Roth Transfer Into the TSP.